

Staff Report – CP-4A-16 S. Saunders Street and S. Wilmington Street area between MLK Boulevard, Lake Wheeler, Tryon and Hammond Roads

Comprehensive Plan Amendment

Street Plan Amendment

This is a city-initiated amendment to the Street Plan, a document within the Comprehensive Plan. The proposed amendment reflects Street Plan recommendations contained within the Southern Gateway Corridor study report recommendations.

The proposed amendments in Map 1 reconfigure the connection between the historic alignment of S. Saunders Street with the newer alignment of US-70 that continues to Dawson and McDowell streets. Removing the connecting at the existing signalized intersection, the proposed street plan amendment recommends creating two new intersections, one each with proposed extensions of Hammell Dr. and Grissom St. In addition, the historic alignment of S. Saunders St will be realigned to connect to an extension of Fuller St., rather than Prospect Ave, Curfman St is also recommended to be extended from Fuller St. to Hammell Dr. These proposed street plan amendments support the goals of the Southern Gateway Corridor study by improving connections between the portions of the Caraleigh neighborhood on each side of S. Saunders and support a walkable neighborhood through small blocks.

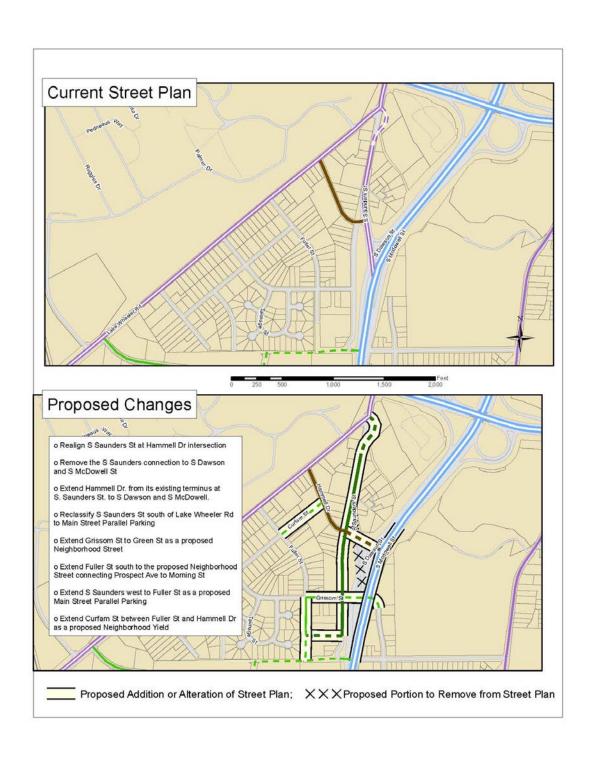
The proposed amendments in Map 2 provide a framework for development along S. Wilmington St. between Walnut Creek and the North Carolina Railroad (NCRR). The proposed amendment includes an extension of McCauley St from Keeter Center Dr. to Keeter Center Dr. and S. Wilmington St. The proposed amendment also includes a new section of Saints Ave. from S. Wilmington St. to S. Blount St. Both McCauley St and Saints Ave. are recommended to connect to S. Wilmington St. at an at-grade intersection. The proposed amendment includes an extension of Hoke St. from S. Blount St to an at-grade intersection with S. Wilmington St. The crossing of the NCRR is modified in the street plan to cross at Hoke St., rather than S. Blount, providing a more perpendicular crossing. The proposed amendment designates the streets between the NCRR and S. Wilmington as Industrial Streets, keeping with the existing land uses and zoning in the area, but allowing future conversion to Main Street Parallel Parking without rebuilding the curb-to-curb streets. The proposed amendment designates the streets between S. Wilmington St. and Fayetteville St. to be neighborhood streets.

The proposed amendments in Map 3 create an important connect from Carolina Pines Ave. to Illeagnes Rd. The Proposed new street aligns with existing Steel St at the north and a stub of existing right-of-way on the south. The proposed amendments also recommend extending Cherry

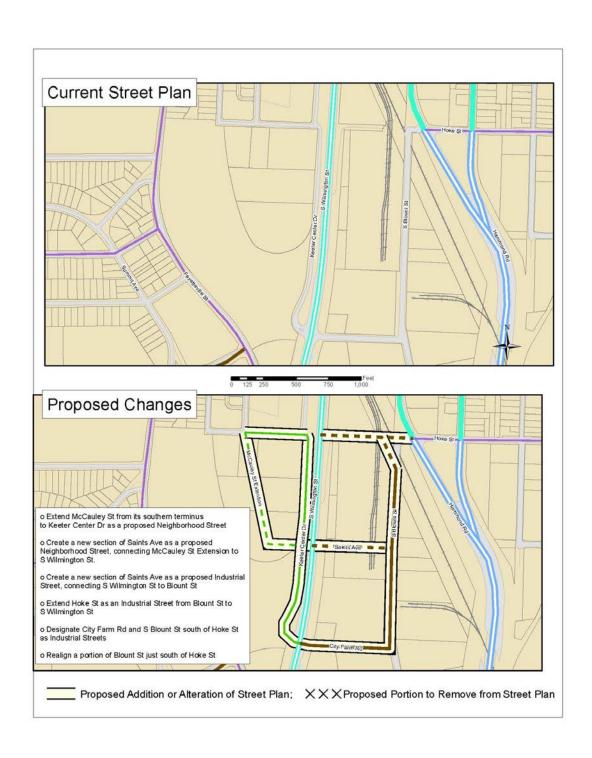
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Cir to connect to this proposed street. The proposed amendments also recommend designating Pecan Rd, between Wilmington and Saunders streets as a 2-Lane undivided Avenue.

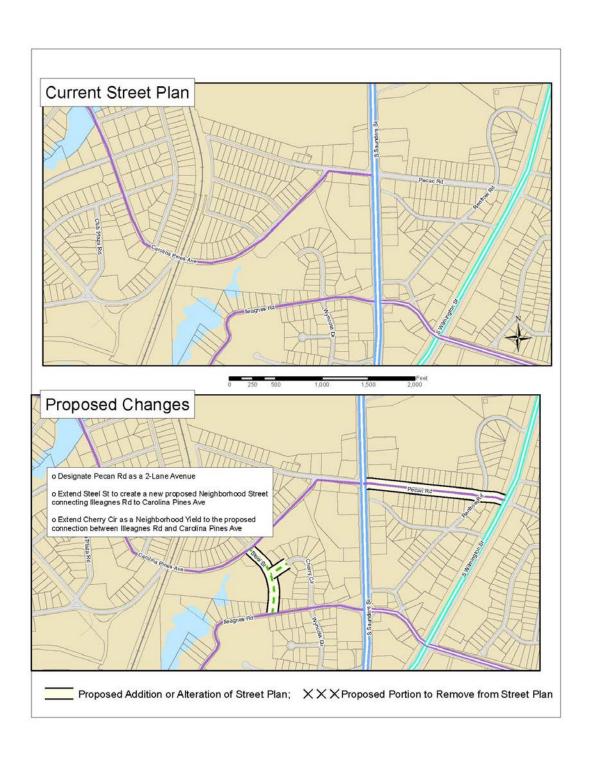
The proposed amendments in Map 4 create a new planned street to extended S. Wilmington St. to align with existing Grenelle St. and extending to the southern boundary of Raleigh's Extra-Territorial Jurisdiction (ETJ). The proposed street is designated as a 4-Lane Divided Avenue to accommodate dedicated a transit lane, a general traffic lane, and bicycle facilities in each direction. The proposed amendment also adds an extension of Wyncote St. that connects the neighborhood to the north to S. Wilmington St.



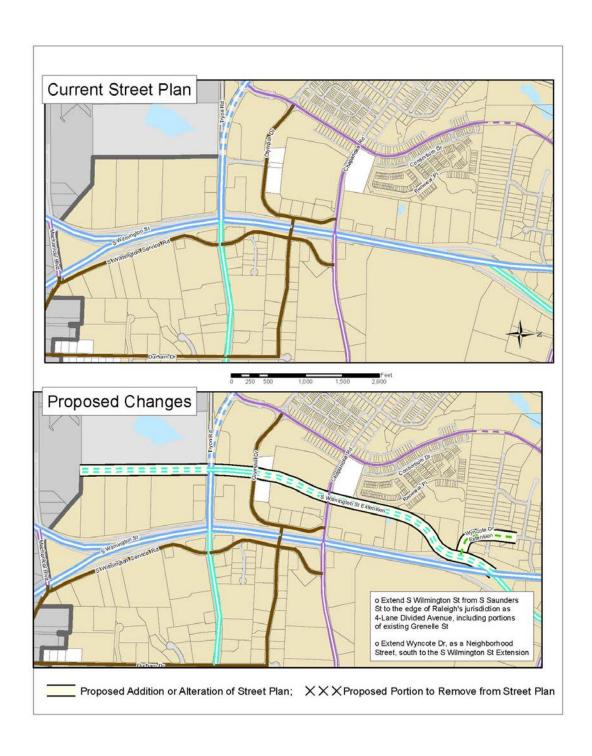
MAP 1



MAP 2



MAP 3



MAP 4

CONSIDERATIONS FOR THE PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT OFFICER'S REVIEW AND RECOMMENDATION:

The following list of considerations for the Planning and Development Officer's review and recommendations regarding a proposed Comprehensive Plan amendment are not all-inclusive. Review and recommendations of proposed Comprehensive Plan amendments may consider whether:

1. The proposed amendment corrects an error or meets the challenge of some changing condition, trend or fact;

The proposed amendments seek to adopt the street plan changes recommended by the Southern Gateway Corridor Study.

- 2. The proposed amendment is in response to changes in state law; n/a
- 3. The proposed amendment constitutes a substantial benefit to the City as a whole and is not solely for the good or benefit of a particular landowner or owners at a particular point in time;

The proposed amendments enhance overall connectivity, eliminate gaps in the street system, and provide higher street network density that will increase the accessibility of nearby land uses and improve mobility options. The proposed street connections enhance not just vehicular connectivity but also pedestrian and bicycle connectivity within and to surrounding areas, to transit, and to Downtown. Realignment of major gateway corridor streamlines traffic circulation while unleashing development potential for a number of underutilized and vacant parcels. The proposed transit oriented corridor along Wilmington Street aligns with the Wake County Transit Plan and helps promote the city's goal of enhancing transit alternatives to the automobile.

4. The proposed amendment is consistent with other identified Plan policies and adopted area plans;

The proposed amendments are consistent with the following relevant Comprehensive Plan and area plan policies:

Policy LU 2.1 - Placemaking

Development within Raleigh's jurisdiction should strive to create places, streets, and spaces that in aggregate meet the needs of people at all stages of life, are visually attractive, safe, accessible, functional, inclusive, have their own distinctive identity, and maintain or improve local character.

Policy LU 2.5 Healthy Communities

New development, redevelopment, and infrastructure investment should strive to promote healthy communities and active lifestyles by providing or encouraging enhanced bicycle and pedestrian circulation, access, and safety along roads near areas of employment, schools, libraries, and parks.

Policy LU 4.1 Coordinate Transportation Investments with Land Use

Ensure that transportation decisions, strategies, and investments are coordinated with and support the City's land use objectives.

Policy LU 4.2 Transportation in Support of Walkable Neighborhoods

Make the design and scale of transportation facilities compatible with planned land uses and with consideration for the character anticipated by this Comprehensive Plan for the surrounding neighborhood.

Policy LU 4.3 Directing Transportation Investments

Target transportation facilities, services, and investments to promote and accommodate the growth this Comprehensive Plan anticipates in mixed-use centers, commercial corridors, and residential neighborhoods while reducing reliance on single occupancy vehicles.

Policy LU 4.9 Corridor Development

Promote pedestrian-friendly and transit supportive development patterns along multimodal corridors designated on the Growth Framework Map, and any corridor programmed for "transit intensive" investments such as reduced headways, consolidated stops, and bus priority lanes and signals.

Policy T 1.1 Coordination with Land Use Map

Transportation planning, development, expansion, and investment in transportation facilities should be coordinated with the Future Land Use Map.

Policy T 1.2 Right-of-Way Reservation

Support the early identification and acquisition of land for future transportation corridors through land use planning and development permitting.

Policy T 1.3 Multi-modal Transportation Design

Offer residents safe and attractive choices among modes including pedestrian walkways, bikeways, public transportation, roadways, railways, and aviation. The street patterns of newly developed areas should provide multi-modal transportation alternatives for access to and circulation between adjacent neighborhoods, parks, shopping centers, and employment areas.

Policy T 1.4 Increasing Mobility Choice

Diversify the mobility choices for work trips by targeting transit investments along corridors that connect concentrations of office, retail, and residential uses.

Policy T 2.1 Integration of Travel Modes

Promote and develop an integrated, multimodal transportation system that offers safe and attractive choices among modes including pedestrian walkways, bikeways, public transportation, roadways, railways, and aviation.

Policy T 2.2 Defining Future Rights-of-Way

As resources permit, move from "conceptual" routes for future streets to more specifically mapped future rights-of-way, backed by engineering studies. Mapping streets also determines where to install water and sewer infrastructure and reduces the need for easements across private property.

Policy T 2.4 Road Connectivity

The use of cul-de-sacs and dead-end streets should be minimized.

Policy T 2.8 Access Management Strategies

Appropriate access management strategies (i.e. location and spacing of permitted driveways) should be applied based on a roadway's functional characteristics, surrounding land uses, and the roadway's users.

Policy T 2.12 Interjurisdictional Transportation Planning

Continue to work with regional planning partners and local transportation agencies to coordinate transportation planning, operations, and funding priorities and to identify existing and future transportation corridors that should be linked across jurisdictional boundaries so that sufficient right-of-way may be preserved.

Policy T 2.16 Assessing Changes in Road Design

Subject all proposed changes to the treatment of existing vehicular rights-of-way, such as changes to the number and type of travel lanes, to a study prior to implementation to determine the impacts on the larger network and the level of service of all relevant modes.

Policy T 2.17 Bridge Improvements

Coordinate with NCDOT for bridge monitoring, maintenance, and rehabilitation. Bridge improvements should be considered when roadway investments are being pursued.

Policy T 3.2 Accommodating Multiple Users

Ensure that all new roadway projects and major reconstruction projects provide appropriate and adequate right-of-way for safe and convenient movement for all users including bicyclists, pedestrians, transit riders, and motorists. Manage the use of rights-of-way to best serve future travel demand (e.g., Multimodal Streets—incorporate wider sidewalks where appropriate).

Policy T 4.1 Promoting Transit

Promote and support quality transit services to enhance mobility options and to meet the needs of the City's residents and visitors, with a focus on transit-dependent households.

Policy T 4.3 Fixed Guideway Priorities

Prioritize fixed-guideway transit investments in corridors with the greatest potential to attract riders and shape development and redevelopment.

Policy T 4.4 R.O.W. Reservation for Transit

Preserve right-of-way for future transit and require that new development and redevelopment provide transit easements for planned alignments, rail stations, and bus

stops within existing and planned transit corridors as identified in the Regional Transit Vision Plan.

Policy T 4.15 Enhanced Rider Amenities

Promote the use of transit facilities and services through enhanced pedestrian access and provisions for seating, shelter, and amenities.

Policy T 5.1 Enhancing Bike/Pedestrian Circulation

Enhance pedestrian and bicycle circulation, access, and safety along corridors, downtown, in activity and employment centers, at densely developed areas and transit stations, and near schools, libraries, and parks.

Policy T 5.2 Incorporating Bicycle and Pedestrian Improvements

All new developments, roadway reconstruction projects, and roadway resurfacing projects in the City of Raleigh's jurisdiction should include appropriate bicycle facilities as indicated in the Recommended Bicycle Network of the 2008 City of Raleigh Bicycle Transportation Plan.

Policy T 5.3 Bicycle and Pedestrian Mobility

Maintain and construct safe and convenient pedestrian and bicycle facilities that are universally accessible, adequately illuminated, and properly designed to reduce conflicts among motor vehicles, bicycles, and pedestrians.

Policy T 5.4 Pedestrian and Bicycle Network Connectivity

Continuous pedestrian and bicycle networks should be provided within and between existing and new developments to facilitate safe and convenient pedestrian and bicycle travel free of major barriers and impediments such as cul-de-sacs and large parking lots.

Policy T 5.6 Bridges, Underpasses, and Interchanges

Pedestrians and bicyclists shall be accommodated on roadway bridges, underpasses, and interchanges (except on roadways where they are prohibited by law). Bicycle lanes and wide sidewalks should be included on all new bridges and underpasses (requires NCDOT coordination on statemaintained roads).

Policy T 5.9 Pedestrian Networks

New subdivisions and large-scale developments should include safe pedestrian walkways or multi-use paths that provide direct links between roadways and major destinations such as transit stops, schools, parks, and shopping centers.

Policy T 5.11 New Bike Routes

Convert underused right-of-way along travel lanes and railroad corridors to bikeways or widen outside lanes wherever possible and desirable.

Policy T 7.1 Safety Improvements

Work with all parties necessary to improve the multi-modal transportation system so that safe routes for motorists, transit riders, bicycles, and pedestrians are provided.

Policy T 7.2 Traffic Calming

Incorporate traffic calming techniques and treatments into the design of new or retrofitted local and neighborhood streets, as well as within school, park, and pedestrian-oriented business areas, to emphasize lower auto speeds, encourage bicycling and walking, and provide pedestrians with a convenient, well-marked, and safe means to cross streets.

Policy ED 1.1 Corridor Revitalization

Stimulate the revitalization and redevelopment of Raleigh's aging commercial corridors and centers through the use of targeted economic development programs, zoning, land use regulations, public investments in infrastructure, and incentives.

Policy ED 1.3 Gateway Reinvestment

Focus reinvestment efforts on those commercial areas that also serve as key gateways to the city and downtown, such as Capital Boulevard, New Bern Avenue, and South Saunders Street.

Policy ED 3.13 Transit and Economic Growth

Provide high-quality transit service as a basic and necessary component of the region's transportation system in an increasingly competitive arena for attracting employers, linking businesses to workers, and maintaining a high quality of life.

Policy ED 5.2 Creating Investment Opportunities

In areas needing reinvestment and revitalization, create investment opportunities for new housing and employment through land assemblage incentives, site preparation, and public infrastructure improvements.

Policy RC 1.1 Regional Transit Planning

Work with other regional jurisdictions and stakeholders to improve regional transit, including regional rail, through coordinated land use and transportation planning, investment in transit infrastructure, and alternative funding methods.

Policy RC 1.5 Reducing Regional VMT

Support efforts to reduce traffic congestion and decrease vehicle miles traveled through cross-jurisdictional transit-oriented design and transportation planning programs.

Policy RC 1.6 Pedestrian and Bicycle Links

Expand regional accessibility and linkages for pedestrians and bicyclists.

Policy IM 4.2 Area Study Content and Intent

Ensure that area-specific planning studies take a form appropriate to the needs of the community and reflect citywide needs, as well as economic development policies and priorities, market conditions, implementation requirements, available staffing resources and time, and available funding. Such studies should address such topics as an existing conditions inventory, future land use recommendations, aesthetic and public space improvements, circulation improvements and transportation management, capital improvement requirements and financing strategies, the need for zoning changes or special zoning requirements, and other implementation techniques. If necessary, as a

result of the findings of the area-specific plans, Comprehensive Plan amendments to the plan's text or maps should be introduced to ensure internal consistency for the areas involved.

5. The impact the proposed amendment has with regard to:

- A. Established property or proposed development in the vicinity of the proposed amendment;
- B. Existing or future land use patterns;
- C. Existing or planned public services and facilities;
 The proposed amendments recommending BRT improvements along Wilmington Street aligns with the recently adopted Wake County Transit plan.
- D. Existing or planned roadways;
- E. The natural environment, including air, water, noise, stormwater management, wildlife and vegetation;
- F. Other policies of the Comprehensive Plan.

Policy LU 4.5 - Connectivity

New development and redevelopment should provide pedestrian and vehicular connectivity between individual development sites to provide alternative means of access along corridors.

Policy T 2.3 - Eliminating Gaps

Eliminate "gaps" in the roadway system and provide a higher roadway grid density that will increase mobility options and promote the accessibility of nearby land uses.

Policy T 2.6 - Preserving the Grid

Existing street grid networks should be preserved and extended where feasible and appropriate to increase overall connectivity.

STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

Approval based on the above list of considerations for the Planning and Development Officer's review.

STAFF COORDINATORS:

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Staff Report - CP-4B-16

Comprehensive Plan Amendment

Area Plan 17.1 Southern Gateway Corridor

This is a city-initiated amendment to the 2030 Comprehensive Plan to incorporate a new area plan. The proposed amendment would create new area plan titled **17.1 Southern Gateway Corridor**. The policies and actions presented in this section are intended to implement the recommendations of the Southern Gateway Corridor Study report. The complete corridor study plan document can be found on the City's website.

The new area plan section would be as follows:

17.1 Southern Gateway Corridor

This corridor plan addresses the area shown in Map AP-SG1. The Plan area encompasses a large land area, extending south from downtown Raleigh at MLK Boulevard to the intersection of S. Wilmington and Tryon Road, and from Lake Wheeler Road east to Hammond Road. S. Wilmington Street is designated as a multi-modal corridor in the City's growth framework map while both the gateway corridors north of I-40 falls within the Downtown Regional Center designation. Most of the project area falls within the city's targeted economic development area with the exception of the area to the east of S. Saunders between Pecan Road and Tryon Road.

This area of Raleigh includes or borders several distinct neighborhoods; however, the major corridors serve to divide these neighborhoods, and the adjacent land uses along these gateway corridors into downtown lack a cohesive character and identity. There are many vacant, deteriorated, and/or underutilized sites and buildings that contribute to the negative character and perception of this area. Therefore, the planning goals of this area are to implement improvements, generate strategies for connectivity, identify infrastructure investments, implement public realm improvements, and protect natural resources in order to support growth and reinvestment.

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S SALISBURY ST W LENOIR ST E LENOIR ST E SOUTH ST WESTERN BLVD MARTWLUTHER KING JR BLVD 016 Saunders Cargill S. Wilmington / Rush Thyon . TRYON RD E TRYON RD 70 [401] ECHANICAL Raleigh Jurisdiction Limit Plan Area Focus Areas Map created 11/2/2016 by the City of Raleigh Department of City Planning

AP-SG1: Southern Gateway Plan Area

Overall Plan Area

The following policies generally apply to the overall plan area and help identify some of the major themes addressed in the area plan.

Policy AP-SG-1 Targeted Investments

Concentrate public infrastructure investments and redevelopment priorities into the four key focus areas locations at S. Saunders, Cargill, S. Wilmington/Rush Street, and Tryon Center. Promote a mix of residential, office, and retail uses adjacent to established neighborhoods.

Policy AP-SG-2 S. Wilmington Street Transit Corridor

Reposition S. Wilmington Street into a complete street extending all the way to Tryon Road that maintains two lanes for vehicle traffic and establishes separated bicycle facility, and dedicated transit lanes for Bus Rapid Transit.

Policy AP-SG-3 Improve Connectivity

Enhance connectivity throughout the district with improved intersections, additional sidewalks, shared-use trails, and on-road bike facilities, to link neighborhoods to each other, as well as to the redesigned S. Wilmington Street.

Policy AP-SG-4 Redevelopment with Public Private Partnerships

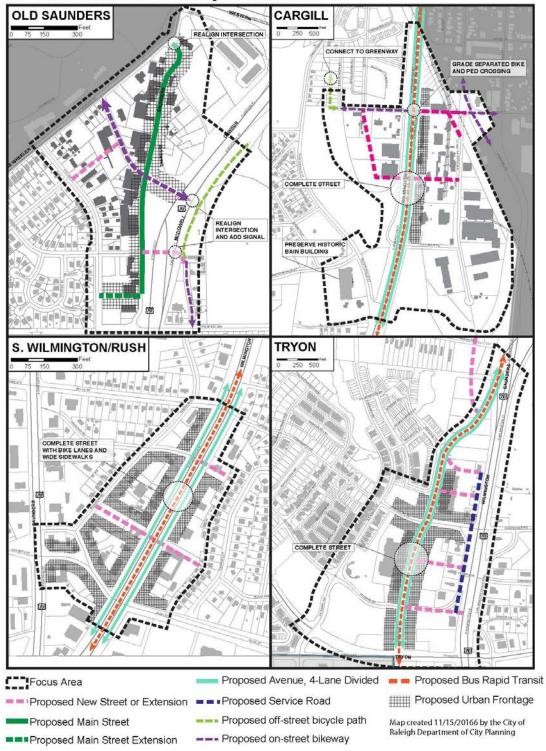
Seek opportunities for public-private partnerships to catalyze major redevelopment projects identified within the southern gateway plan district with supporting infrastructure investments.

Policy AP-SG-5 Improve Greenway Trail Connections

New development within the district should link to and extend the greenway trail system that links areas south of I-40 to each other and to downtown, Dorothea Dix Park, and the State Farmers Market. Improve connections to the Capital Area Greenway System with the incorporation of green infrastructure.

Four target locations, each with its own scale and character, are identified as key focus areas with opportunities for development as identified in Map AP-SG2. Each focus area can take various physical forms in scale, complexity, and architectural style depending on their location and context.

AP-SG2: Southern Gateway Focus Areas



Old Saunders Focus Area

This focus area hinges on the realignment of S. Saunders Street between Maywood Avenue and Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard. The development concept for the Old Saunders focus area is to capitalize on the new open space created by the realignment of streets to improve redevelopment options, create a main street, a plaza/event space, and create space for start-up businesses in the Caraleigh / Old Saunders warehouse district. Old Saunders district will borrow compatible character and scale of the existing warehouses and adjacent historic neighborhoods. A special "makers" district with entrepreneurial startup businesses would encourage new investment in this area. Special consideration should be given to protect and complement the historic character of the adjacent Caraleigh neighborhood. Redevelopment along Lake Wheeler Road should be reevaluated as part of the Dorothea Dix Master Park and Downtown Plan implementation.

Policy AP-SG-6 Warehouse Adaptive Reuse

Encourage the reuse of warehouse and raw spaces in the Caraleigh/Saunders focus area to attract small businesses in the emerging "maker" industry. It would be advantageous for these businesses, such as tech shops, brewers, alternative/indoor farming, to be located close to downtown to build new businesses and a community.

Policy AP-SG-7 Preserving the Historic Character

New development and redevelopment should borrow design cues from the existing warehouses and complement the historic character of the adjacent neighborhoods such as Caraleigh.

Policy AP-SG-8 Main Street Character of S. Saunders

New buildings and additions along old S. Saunders Street should use an urban approach to frontage, and placed close to the street with no parking between the lot line and building facade. Ground floor retail should create a retail-serving Main Street that can capitalize on traffic generated by a destination park on Dix Hill.

Policy AP-SG-9 Redevelopment between Old S. Saunders and S.Dawson Streets

Developable parcels between Old S. Saunders Street and S.Dawson Street (southbound) should support a mix of office and service uses framing a welcoming gateway to downtown Raleigh.

Policy AP-SG-10 Redevelopment of Lake Wheeler Road

Development along Lake Wheeler Road should create an attractive and prominent edge to Dorothea Dix Park. Higher densities will capture value from the park and put more users within close proximity.

Cargill Focus Area

Bound by S. Wilmington Street, Hammond Road and I-40, access to the Cargill site is limited by railroad tracks, streams, terrain, and driveway connectivity constraints. Successful redevelopment will require significant access improvements, especially for pedestrians, bicycles, and transit. Cargill represents a long-term opportunity for mixed use, primarily office, but could include light warehouse, residential, a special single use or a special civic use. Its close proximity to the downtown core represents a unique opportunity to provide quality office space at rates less costly than downtown.

While development may be many years out, this site represents one of the last few major redevelopment areas within the downtown catchment. Much of the private property is currently in industrial use by Cargill and in warehouse use by commercial businesses. The City of Raleigh has operational uses on significant parcels in the land area.

Policy AP-SG-11 Redevelopment of Cargill Site

Encourage relocation of industrial uses in the Cargill focus area to support a compatible mix of urban office and housing uses. New housing can bridge the gap and provide much needed context for a transformation of the housing in the area.

Policy AP-SG-12 Land Uses

Encourage mixed-uses, primarily office uses that could include light warehouse, high density residential, a special single use or a special civic use in the mixed use area to the east of the proposed S. Wilmington transit corridor.

S. Wilmington / RushFocus Area

The recommended transportation improvement with the greatest potential for catalyzing redevelopment of the S. Wilmington Street Focus Area is the conversion of S. Wilmington Street to a major transit corridor with greatly enhanced bicycle and pedestrian facilities and connections. This focus area will transform the intersections of Rush and Pecan with S.Wilmington Streets to create a vibrant core, linking several isolated communities and breathing new life into this part of the study area. The strategy for this area focuses on mixed income housing and local service retail.

Policy AP-SG-13 Wilmington/Rush TOD Neighborhood

New development in the S. Wilmington / Rush Street Focus Area should include a mix of land uses, heights, and urban frontages needed to support a new transit station in the vicinity of Pecan Road and Rush Street. Mixed-income housing is encouraged and should be pursued in this area. The development pattern should emphasize walkability.

Tryon Focus Area

The Tryon focus area will continue to serve the large number of commuters passing by each day, while creating a commercial gathering place for the Renaissance Park community. The Tryon focus area enjoys the most dynamic retail environment within the corridor, with a thriving ethnic business cluster. A development strategy embraces a more robust commercial and mix of uses. The most critical element of this approach is the extension of S. Wilmington Street on new alignment south to Tryon Road. This facility would cross S. Saunders Street at the existing flyover location, continuing southward on the western side. Not only does this new facility separate local traffic from US 70/401, it also provides an alternate route for northwest Garner traffic. The conversion of S. Wilmington Street to a dedicated transit corridor with enhanced bicycle and pedestrian facilities provides yet another option for reducing traffic on US 70/401.

Policy AP-SG-14 Renaissance Park Hub

The Renaissance Park area should serve as a southern hub for the S. Wilmington Street transformation at Tryon Road. New retail development will serve commuters and residents alike, along with a potential mix of office and institutional uses.

Policy AP-SG-15 S. Wilmington Extension as Central Spine

Extend S. Wilmington Street as a central spine for new mixed-use, commercial, and transit oriented development. A fresh mix of retail, office, and apartments could complete the Renaissance Park development with a bustling town center, replete with services, shops, and a viable transit hub including a park-and -ride facility.

Policy AP-SG-16 Hammond Road Alternative

Hammond Road, which becomes Timber Drive in Garner, carries far less traffic than its capacity. Support NCDOT plans to convert the intersection of Timber Drive and US 70 to an interchange to reduce recurring delay at this location, and use wayfinding to encourage use of Hammond Road as a convenient alternative to S. Saunders Street.

Policy AP-SG-17 Connection to Garner

Develop a major transit hub and supporting connecting infrastructure with the conversion of the flyover to facilitate the S. Wilmington Street Extension to Tryon Road, and potentially to Garner Station Boulevard.

Policy AP-SG-18 Enhance Overall Connectivity

Create a more robust street network providing alternate routes and reducing the need for short or east-west trips to use US 401. Bicycle and pedestrian options would also be improved and more efficient transit routing and access provided.

CONSIDERATIONS FOR THE PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT OFFICER'S REVIEW AND RECOMMENDATION:

The following list of considerations for the Planning and Development Officer's review and recommendations regarding a proposed Comprehensive Plan amendment are not all-inclusive. Review and recommendations of proposed Comprehensive Plan amendments may consider whether:

1. The proposed amendment corrects an error or meets the challenge of some changing condition, trend or fact;

The proposed amendments reflect new planning and design recommendations of the Southern Gateway Corridor Plan focused on S. Saunders and S. Wilmington Streets, Raleigh's main southern gateway corridors providing connection into Raleigh.

- 2. The proposed amendment is in response to changes in state law;
- 3. The proposed amendment constitutes a substantial benefit to the City as a whole and is not solely for the good or benefit of a particular landowner or owners at a particular point in time;

The amendment helps further the overall growth objectives of the Comprehensive Plan, including directing growth to designated growth centers and multi-modal corridors, orienting development towards proposed transit investments, and promoting sustainable development patterns.

4. The proposed amendment is consistent with other identified Plan policies and adopted area plans:

The proposed amendment is consistent with the following relevant current Comprehensive Plan and area plan policies:

Policy IM 4.1 Area Planning Studies

Prepare area-specific planning studies for parts of the City where detailed direction or standards are needed to guide land use, economic development, transportation, urban design, and other future physical planning and public investment decisions. The focus should be on areas or corridors that offer opportunities for revitalization or new residential, commercial, and mixed-use development and redevelopment, areas with challenges or characteristics requiring place-specific planning actions and public interventions, and areas designated "special study area" on the Future Land Use Map.

Policy IM 4.2 Area Study Content and Intent

Ensure that area-specific planning studies take a form appropriate to the needs of the community and reflect citywide needs, as well as economic development policies and priorities, market conditions, implementation requirements, available staffing resources and time, and available funding. Such studies should address such topics as an existing conditions inventory, future land use recommendations, aesthetic and public space

improvements, circulation improvements and transportation management, capital improvement requirements and financing strategies, the need for zoning changes or special zoning requirements, and other implementation techniques. If necessary, as a result of the findings of the area-specific plans, Comprehensive Plan amendments to the plan's text or maps should be introduced to ensure internal consistency for the areas involved.

Policy LU 2.1 Placemaking

Development within Raleigh's jurisdiction should strive to create places, streets, and spaces that in aggregate meet the needs of people at all stages of life, are visually attractive, safe, accessible, functional, inclusive, have their own distinctive identity, and maintain or improve local character.

Policy LU 2.2 Compact Development

New development and redevelopment should use a more compact land use pattern to support the efficient provision of public services, improve the performance of transportation networks, preserve open space, and reduce the negative impacts of low intensity and non-contiguous development.

Policy T 2.6 Preserving the Grid

Existing street grid networks should be preserved and extended where feasible and appropriate to increase overall connectivity.

Policy LU 2.5 Healthy Communities

New development, redevelopment, and infrastructure investment should strive to promote healthy communities and active lifestyles by providing or encouraging enhanced bicycle and pedestrian circulation, access, and safety along roads near areas of employment, schools, libraries, and parks.

Policy LU 4.2 Transportation in Support of Walkable Neighborhoods

Make the design and scale of transportation facilities compatible with planned land uses and with consideration for the character anticipated by this Comprehensive Plan for the surrounding neighborhood.

Policy LU 4.5 Connectivity

New development and redevelopment should provide pedestrian and vehicular connectivity between individual development sites to provide alternative means of access along corridors.

Policy LU 4.6 Transit-Oriented Development

Promote transit-oriented development around planned transit stations through appropriate development regulation, education, station area planning, public-private partnerships, and regional cooperation.

Policy LU 4.7 Capitalizing on Transit Access

Sites within a half-mile of planned and proposed fixed guideway transit stations should be developed with intense residential and mixed-uses to take full advantage of and support the City and region's investment in transit infrastructure.

Policy LU 4.8 Station Area Land Uses

Complementary mixed-uses, including multifamily residential, offices, retail, civic, and entertainment uses, should be located within transit station areas.

Policy LU 4.9 Corridor Development

Promote pedestrian-friendly and transit supportive development patterns along multi-modal corridors designated on the Growth Framework Map, and any corridor

programmed for "transit intensive" investments such as reduced headways, consolidated stops, and bus priority lanes and signals.

Policy LU 6.1 Composition of Mixed-Use Centers

Mixed-use centers should be comprised of well-mixed and integrated developments that avoid segregated uses and have well planned public spaces that bring people together and provide opportunities for active living and interaction.

Policy LU 6.2 Complementary Uses and Urban Vitality

A complementary integration and mixture of land uses should be provided within all growth centers and mixed-use centers and developments to maintain the City's livability, manage future growth, and provide walkable and transit accessible destinations. Areas designated for mixed-use development in the Comprehensive Plan should be zoned consistent with this policy.

Policy LU 6.3 Mixed-Use and Multi-Modal Transportation

Promote the development of mixed-use activity centers with multi-modal transportation connections to provide convenient and accessible residential and employment areas.

Policy LU 7.1 Encouraging Nodal Development

Discourage auto-oriented commercial "strip" development and instead encourage pedestrian-oriented "nodes" of commercial development at key locations along major corridors. Zoning and design standards should ensure that the height, mass, and scale of development within nodes respects the integrity and character of surrounding residential areas and does not unreasonably impact them.

Policy LU 7.4 Scale and Design of New Commercial Uses

New uses within commercial districts should be developed at a height, mass, scale, and design that is appropriate and compatible with surrounding areas.

Policy LU 7.6 Pedestrian-Friendly Development

New commercial developments and redeveloped commercial areas should be pedestrian-friendly.

Policy LU 8.1 Housing Variety

Accommodate growth in newly developing areas of the City through mixed-use neighborhoods with a variety of housing types.

Policy LU 8.3 Conserving, Enhancing, and Revitalizing Neighborhoods

Recognize the importance of balancing the need to increase the housing supply and expand neighborhood commerce with the parallel need to protect neighborhood character, preserve historic resources, and restore the environment.

Policy LU 10.1 Mixed-Use Retail

Encourage new retail development in mixed use developments.

Policy LU 10.6 Retail Nodes

Retail uses should concentrate in mixed use centers and should not spread along major streets in a linear "strip" pattern unless ancillary to office or high-density residential use.

Policy T 1.3 Multi-modal Transportation Design

Offer residents safe and attractive choices among modes including pedestrian walkways, bikeways, public transportation, roadways, railways, and aviation. The street patterns of newly developed areas should provide multi-modal transportation alternatives for access to and circulation between adjacent neighborhoods, parks, shopping centers, and

employment areas.

Policy T 1.4 Increasing Mobility Choice

Diversify the mobility choices for work trips by targeting transit investments along corridors that connect concentrations of office, retail, and residential uses.

Policy T 2.6 Preserving the Grid

Existing street grid networks should be preserved and extended where feasible and appropriate to increase overall connectivity.

Policy T 2.17 Bridge Improvements

Coordinate with NCDOT for bridge monitoring, maintenance, and rehabilitation. Bridge improvements should be considered when roadway investments are being pursued.

Policy T 3.1 Complete Street Implementation

For all street projects and improvements affecting the public right-of way, consider and incorporate Complete Street principles and design standards that provide mobility for all types of transportation modes (pedestrian, bicycle, auto, transit, freight) and support mutually-reinforcing land use and transportation decisions. Work with NCDOT to implement these design standards for state maintained roads within the City's jurisdiction.

Policy T 4.1 Promoting Transit

Promote and support quality transit services to enhance mobility options and to meet the needs of the City's residents and visitors, with a focus on transit-dependent households.

Policy T 4.3 Fixed Guideway Priorities

Prioritize fixed-guideway transit investments in corridors with the greatest potential to attract riders and shape development and redevelopment.

Policy T 5.1 Enhancing Bike/Pedestrian Circulation

Enhance pedestrian and bicycle circulation, access, and safety along corridors, downtown, in activity and employment centers, at densely developed areas and transit stations, and near schools, libraries, and parks.

Policy T 5.3 Bicycle and Pedestrian Mobility

Maintain and construct safe and convenient pedestrian and bicycle facilities that are universally accessible, adequately illuminated, and properly designed to reduce conflicts among motor vehicles, bicycles, and pedestrians.

Policy T 5.6 Bridges, Underpasses, and Interchanges

Pedestrians and bicyclists shall be accommodated on roadway bridges, underpasses, and interchanges (except on roadways where they are prohibited by law). Bicycle lanes and wide sidewalks should be included on all new bridges and underpasses (requires NCDOT coordination on state maintained roads).

Policy T 5.7 Capital Area Greenway

Treat the Capital Area Greenway Trail system as part of the City's transportation network for bicycles and pedestrians and plan connections to the system accordingly.

Policy T 5.11 New Bike Routes

Convert underused right-of-way along travel lanes and railroad corridors to bikeways or widen outside lanes wherever possible and desirable.

- 5. The impact the proposed amendment has with regard to:
 - A. Established property or proposed development in the vicinity of the proposed amendment;
 - B. Existing or future land use patterns;
 - C. Existing or planned public services and facilities;
 - D. Existing or planned roadways;
 - E. The natural environment, including air, water, noise, stormwater management, wildlife and vegetation;
 - F. Other policies of the Comprehensive Plan.

STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

Approval based on the above list of considerations for the Planning and Development Officer's review.

STAFF COORDINATOR:

Dhanya P. Sandeep AICP, dhanya.sandeep@raleighnc.gov, 919-996-2659



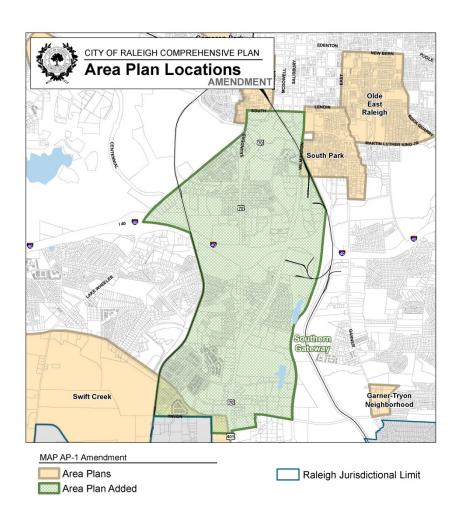


Staff Report - CP-4C-16

Comprehensive Plan Amendment

Map AP-1 Area Plan Locations Amendment

This is a city-initiated amendment to the Map AP-1 Area Plans Locations, a section within the 2030 Comprehensive Plan. The proposed amendment would add the corridor plan boundary of the new area plan 17.1 Southern Gateway Corridor to Map AP-1.





CONSIDERATIONS FOR THE PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT OFFICER'S REVIEW AND RECOMMENDATION:

The following list of considerations for the Planning and Development Officer's review and recommendations regarding a proposed Comprehensive Plan amendment are not all-inclusive. Review and recommendations of proposed Comprehensive Plan amendments may consider whether:

1. The proposed amendment corrects an error or meets the challenge of some changing condition, trend or fact;

The proposed amendment ensures internal consistency and accuracy between all 2030 Comprehensive Plan maps.

2. The proposed amendment is in response to changes in state law; n/a

The proposed amendment constitutes a substantial benefit to the City as a whole and is not solely for the good or benefit of a particular landowner or owners at a particular point in time;

n/a

4. The proposed amendment is consistent with other identified Plan policies and adopted area plans;

The proposed amendment is consistent with the following relevant Comprehensive Plan and area plan policies:

Policy IM 4.1 Area Planning Studies

Prepare area-specific planning studies for parts of the City where detailed direction or standards are needed to guide land use, economic development, transportation, urban design, and other future physical planning and public investment decisions. The focus should be on areas or corridors that offer opportunities for revitalization or new residential, commercial, and mixed-use development and redevelopment, areas with challenges or characteristics requiring place-specific planning actions and public interventions, and areas designated "special study area" on the Future Land Use Map.

Policy IM 4.2 Area Study Content and Intent

Ensure that area-specific planning studies take a form appropriate to the needs of the community and reflect citywide needs, as well as economic development policies and priorities, market conditions, implementation requirements, available staffing resources and time, and available funding. Such studies should address such topics as an existing conditions inventory, future land use recommendations, aesthetic and public space improvements, circulation improvements and transportation management, capital improvement requirements and financing strategies, the need for zoning changes or special zoning requirements, and other implementation techniques. If necessary, as a result of the findings of the area-specific plans, Comprehensive Plan amendments to the plan's text or maps should be introduced to ensure internal consistency for the areas involved.

- 5. The impact the proposed amendment has with regard to:
 - A. Established property or proposed development in the vicinity of the proposed amendment:
 - B. Existing or future land use patterns;
 - C. Existing or planned public services and facilities;
 - D. Existing or planned roadways;

The proposed Southern Gateway Corridor plan boundary, upon adoption, will provide area specific guidance including roadway and street connections that are recommended through the Southern Gateway Corridor study. The associated roadway improvements will be adopted through a separate public hearing process.

- E. The natural environment, including air, water, noise, stormwater management, wildlife and vegetation;
- F. Other policies of the Comprehensive Plan.

The proposed amendment has no impacts with regard to A-C, E and F.

STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

Approval based on the above list of considerations for the Planning and Development Officer's review.

STAFF COORDINATOR:

Dhanya P. Sandeep AICP, dhanya.sandeep@raleighnc.gov, 919-996-2659